# **Distributed Predictive Control of Linear Discrete Time Stochastic System with Mean** and Covariance Constraints



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- **Outline**
- 1. Introduction
- 2. State Feedback Control Law
- 3. Decomposition and Coordination
- 4. Output Feedback Control Law
- 5. Conclusions and Future Works



### **Background of Distributed Control**

**Background of Distributed Control** 

- In the 1970s
  - Mounting expectation and demand for control methodology for Large Scale Systems
- In recent years
  - Energy Environmental Problems and Security
  - **New Applications**







**Distributed Control** 

**Distributed Control** Spatio-Temporally distributed collecting and processing of information(Information Structure<sup>2), 3)</sup>)

Advantages of Distributed Control

**■** Time Complexity

Fault Tolerance

Expandability

Contractility

Flexibility

Economic Efficiency

 $Z_i$ : state of ith member  $u_i$ : input of i th member  $z_{2}, u_{2}$ 

# **Past Researches of Distributed Control**

**Past Researches** 

- From 1970s
  - **Stability**, 20), 21) **Optimality** 1) and **Robustness**
- In recent years
  - Involving recent control theory 4), 5)
  - Considering **system structure** 6, 7), 8), 12), 23), 28),



We focus on **Covariance Constraints**<sup>6), 7), 12)</sup> and **Decomposition Approach**<sup>8), 14)</sup>.

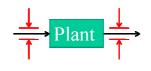
**Objective** 

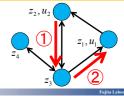
**Objective** 

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We propose Distributed Predictive Control Laws for Linear Discrete Time Stochastic System with Mean and Covariance Constraints.

Note: Mean and Covariance Constraints represent State and **Input Constraints, Power Constraint and Communication Delay Structure.** 





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### **Problem Statement**

### Problem 1

$$\min_{u(k)} \text{Tr } P_{xx} V_{xx}(x(N)) + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \text{Tr } QV(x(k), u(k)) \qquad t \in \mathcal{Z}_+, \ x(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_x} \\
u(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_w}, \ w(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_w}$$

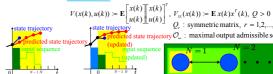
subject to 
$$x(k + 1) = Ax(k) + Bu(k) + Fw(k)$$

$$x(k+1) = Ax(k) + Bu(k) + Fw(k)$$
 White Noise   
Tr  $Q_rV(x(k), u(k)) \le \gamma_{kr}$  Covariance Constraints

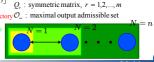
$$\mathbf{E}\begin{bmatrix} x(k) \\ u(k) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{R}^{n_s + n_u}$$
 Mean Constraints

$$\operatorname{Tr} \ QV(x(N), \mu'_{N}(x(N))) + \operatorname{Tr} \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(x(N+1)) \le \operatorname{Tr} \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(x(N))$$

$$x(N) \in \mathcal{O}_{\infty}$$
 for Feasibility







# Example 1

### Example 1

$$\begin{bmatrix} z_{1}(t+1) \\ z_{2}(t+1) \\ z_{3}(t+1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \Xi_{11} & \Xi_{12} & 0 \\ \Xi_{21} & \Xi_{22} & \Xi_{23} \\ 0 & \Xi_{32} & \Xi_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} z_{1}(t) \\ z_{2}(t) \\ 0 & 0 & Y_{32} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{1}(t) \\ u_{2}(t) \\ 0 & 0 & Y_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_{1}(t) \\ u_{2}(t) \\ u_{3}(t) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \Omega_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Omega_{22} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Omega_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w_{1}(t) \\ w_{2}(t) \\ w_{3}(t) \end{bmatrix} \\ z(t+1) & \Xi & z(t) & Y & u(t) & \Omega & w(t) \\ I_{1}(t) & = (z_{1}(t), z_{2}(t-1), z_{3}(t-2)) & & & & & & \\ I_{2}(t) & = (z_{1}(t-1), z_{2}(t), z_{3}(t-1)) & Z_{1}, u_{1} & Z_{2}, u_{2} & Z_{3}, u_{3} \\ I_{3}(t) & = (z_{1}(t-2), z_{2}(t-1), z_{3}(t)) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{t} : \text{ information that } i \text{ th member can obtain} \\ i \text{ this member} \end{bmatrix}$$

## Communication Delay is reduced to Delay of Disturbance.

$$I_1(t) = (z(t-2), w_1(t-1), w_1(t-2), w_2(t-2))$$

$$I_2(t) = (z(t-2), w_1(t-2), w_2(t-1), w_2(t-2), w_3(t-2))$$

$$I_3(t) = (z(t-2), w_2(t-2), w_3(t-1), w_3(t-2))$$



### **Communication Delay** $\mathbf{E} \ u_1(t)w_2(t-1) = 0$

$$\frac{\mathbf{E} \ u_1(t)w_2(t-1) = 0}{\mathbf{E} \ u_1(t)w_3(t-1) = 0}$$
 **Expectation**

$$\mathbf{E} \ u_1(t)w_3(t-2) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{E} \ u_2(t)w_1(t-1) = 0$$

**E** 
$$u_2(t)w_3(t-1) = 0$$

**E** 
$$u_3(t)w_1(t-1) = 0$$

**E** 
$$u_3(t)w_1(t-2) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{E} \ u_3(t)w_2(t-1) = 0$$

### **State and Input Constraints**

$$\mathbf{E}\begin{bmatrix} z(t) \\ u(t) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathcal{D}' \subset \mathcal{R}^{n_z + n_u}$$

# **Mean and Covariance Constraints**

# Power Constraint

# $\mathbf{E} \ z^{T}(t)Q_{z}z(t) + u^{T}(t)Q_{u}u(t) \leq \gamma$

### **Note: An Extended State** Realization

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} \Xi & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & I & 0 \end{bmatrix}, B := \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{Y} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, F := \begin{bmatrix} \Omega \\ I \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) := \begin{bmatrix} z(t) \\ w(t-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(t) := \begin{vmatrix} z(t) \\ w(t-1) \\ w(t-2) \end{vmatrix}$$

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# **Stability and Optimal Solution**

### Lemma 1(Stability)

If the following conditions are satisfied,

$$\mathbf{Tr} \ \ QV(x(N), \mu_N'(x(N))) + \mathbf{Tr} \ \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(x(N+1)) \le \mathbf{Tr} \ \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(x(N))$$
 
$$x(N) \in \mathcal{O}_{\infty}$$

then

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} V(x(t), u(t)) = 0.$$

# Lemma 2(Optimal Solution)

Problem 1 is reduced to a Convex Optimization Problem involving an LMI.



## **Numerical Simulation**

# Simulation Setting

$$\min_{u} \sum_{k=0}^{1} \mathbf{E} \ 150(z_{2} - r_{gg})^{2} + 150(z_{1} - (z_{2} - r_{gg}))^{2} + 150((z_{2} - r_{gg}) - z_{3})^{2} + u_{1}^{2} + u_{2}^{2} + u_{3}^{2}$$

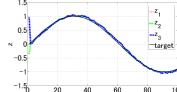
subject to

$$\sum_{k=0}^{1} \mathbf{E} \ 150(z_2 - r_{gg})^2 + 150(z_1 - (z_2 - r_{gg}))^2 + 150((z_2 - r_{gg}) - z_3)^2 + u_1^2 + u_2^2 + u_3^2 \le 1$$

 $\mathbf{E}\ u_iw_j=0,\ ^{\exists}i,j$ 

$$\mathbf{E} \ |u_i| \le 1, \ i = 1, 2, 3$$

$$r_{tot}(t) := \sin(2\pi t / 120)$$





### **Outline**

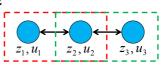
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### Example 2

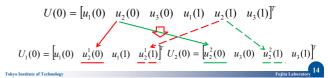
Example 2



Subsystem 1 Subsystem 2

We assume that N = 2 and we decompose only **Inputs** for simplicity.

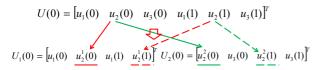
### **Input Sequence:**





## **Lagrange Multipliers**

We use Lagrange Multipliers.



$$\lambda_{c1}(\underline{u_2^1(0)} - \underline{u_2^2(0)}) = 0, \quad \lambda_{c2}(\underline{u_2^1(1)} - \underline{u_2^2(1)}) = 0$$
$$\lambda_{c1} \ge 0, \quad \lambda_{c2} \ge 0$$

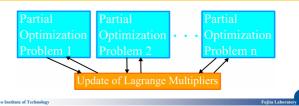


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### **Decomposition and Coordination**

■ Lemma 3(Decomposition and Coordination) **Problem 1** is solved by computing **Partial Optimization** Problems of each subsystem and updating Lagrange Multipliers(by Gradient Method).

Note: Lemma 3 shows that Problem 1 is solved by Distributed Information and Distributed Computing.





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### **Problem Statement**

Problem 2

$$\min_{u(k)} \mathbf{Tr} \ P_{xt}V_{xx}(x(N)) + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \mathbf{Tr} \ QV(x(k), u(k))$$
subject to  $x(k+1) = Ax(k) + Bu(k) + Fw(k)$ 

$$y(k) = Cy(k) + Gy(k)$$

$$t \in \mathcal{Z}_+, \ x(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_*}$$

$$y(k) = Cx(k) + Gv(k)$$
  
 $\mathcal{Y}(k) = (y(0), y(1),..., y(k))$ 

$$u(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_w}, \ w(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_w}, \ v(t) \in \mathcal{R}^{n_v}$$

 $u(k) = \mu_k(\mathcal{Y}(k))$ 

White Noise

Tr  $Q_rV(x(k), u(k)) \le \gamma_{kr}$  Covariance Constraints

$$\mathbf{E}\begin{bmatrix} x(k) \\ u(k) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{R}^{n_z + n_u} \quad \text{Mean Constraints}$$

 $\operatorname{Tr} \ QV(x(N), \mu'_{N}(x(N))) + \operatorname{Tr} \ P_{N}V_{N}(x(N+1)) \leq \operatorname{Tr} \ P_{N}V_{N}(x(N))$ 

 $x(N) \in \mathcal{O}_{\infty}$  for Feasibility

for Stability







### Lemma 4

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Lemma 4(Optimal Solution)

Problem 2 is reduced to Problem 3.

Problem 3

$$\begin{aligned} & \underset{u(k)}{\min} \operatorname{Tr} \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(\hat{x}(N)) + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \operatorname{Tr} \ QV(\hat{x}(k), u(k)) \\ & \text{subject to} \ \hat{x}(k+1) = A\hat{x}(k) + Bu(k) + FK(k)(y(k) - C\hat{x}(k)) \\ & \underline{\mathcal{I}}(k) = (\hat{x}(0), \hat{x}(1), \dots, \hat{x}(k)) \\ & \underline{u(k)} = \mu_k(\underline{\mathcal{I}}(k)) \end{aligned} \qquad & \overline{\text{Kalman Gain}} \\ & \underline{\text{Tr} \ Q_{v}V(\hat{x}(k), u(k)) \leq \hat{\gamma}_{kv}} \qquad & \text{Covariance Constraints} \\ & \underline{\text{E}} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{x}(k) \\ u(k) \end{bmatrix} \in \hat{\mathcal{D}} \subset \mathcal{R}^{n_{x} + n_{x}} \qquad & \text{Mean Constraints} \\ & \underline{\text{Tr} \ QV(\hat{x}(N), \mu'_{N}(\hat{x}(N))) + \text{Tr} \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(\hat{x}(N+1)) \leq \text{Tr} \ P_{xx}V_{xx}(\hat{x}(N))} \\ & \hat{x}(N) \in \hat{\mathcal{O}}_{\infty} \quad \text{for Feasibility} \qquad & \text{for Stability} \end{aligned}$$



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### **Conclusions and Future Works**

### Conclusions

We have proposed Distributed Predictive Control Laws.

### Future Works

- Considering extended Distributed Filtering
- Extensions to Non-linear and Infinite Dimensional Systems
- Precise evaluation of Time Complexity and Fault Tolerance
- Considering Spatially Inhomogeneous Disturbance and Optimal Decomposition



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